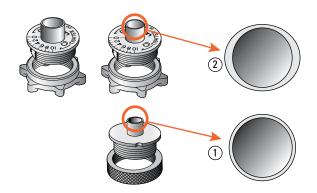
## **CHAPTER 4**

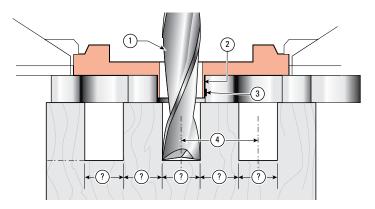
## The Leigh e-Bush Guide Bushing

The guidebush is the vital link between router and jig. Leigh's innovative e-Bushes\* provide precise fit adjustment for your router when using F3, F18 and F24 Templates.

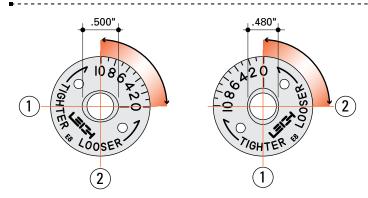
\*e7, e8, and e10 e-Bushes are supplied with the F3 Finger Joint Template. e8 and e10 e-Bushes are supplied with each F18 and F24 Finger Joint Template. U.S. Patent No. 8,256,475. UK Patent No. GB2443974. Patent Pending in Canada.



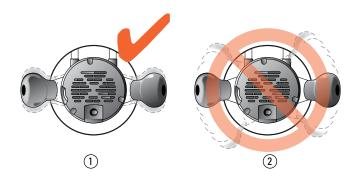
**4-1** Unlike plain circular template guidebushes ①, the e-Bush is elliptical ②. This innovation effectively changes the guidebush "active diameter" when it's rotated, and provides benefits not possible with a plain round guidebush. The F18 and F24 Templates include two Leigh e-Bushes\*: e8 for 3/s"[10mm] combs, and e10 for 1/2"[12mm] combs; the F3 includes those plus the e7 for 1/6"[8mm] comb.



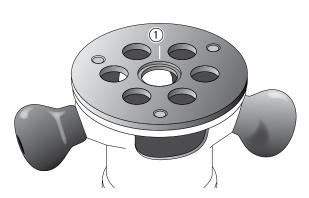
**4-2 Joint Fit and Joint Pitch** Box joints routed with standard sized straight bits ① and standard sized guidebushes ② against straight guide surfaces ③ on pitch centres exactly two times the bit diameter ④ will guarantee a loose fitting joint. Bits, guidebushes and templates are manufactured with necessary plus/minus tolerances and the router will have some degree of run-out, or "wobble".



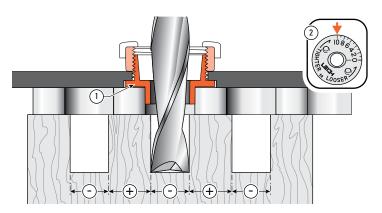
**4-3** The e-Bush (e8 illustrated) fits to the router base or to a guidebush adaptor in the base. *See Appendix I*. The ellipse or oval shape major axis ① is ~.500", and minor axis ② ~.480" [12,7 x 12,2mm]. Turning the e-Bush 90 degrees in the router base changes the active guide size by .020"[,50mm] providing infinite adjustment and recordable settings for perfectly fitting box joints.



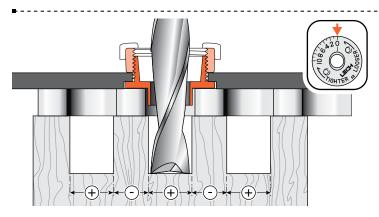
**4-4** Here's how it works. In normal use, the operator does not rotate the router more than a few degrees either way ①. In fact, because of potential bit-to-bush eccentricity problems it is advisable to minimize router rotation on jigs ②.



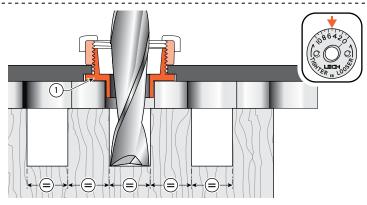
**4-5** Establish the orientation in which you normally hold and operate the router on the jig. Now, up-end the router in the same orientation. Make a small scratch line or permanent ink mark on the router base or e-Bush adaptor at the 12 o'clock position ①.



**4-6** With the e-Bush ① turned to "10" in the base ② the active "diameter" is increased, allowing less side-to-side movement, and resulting in smaller sockets and larger pins. A tight fit! *Scale and movement are exaggerated in this sequence of illustrations.* 



**4-7** Turning the e-Bush to zero allows more side-to-side router/ bit movement, and more wood removal, producing larger sockets and smaller pins, and thus a loose fit.



**4-8** A few trial-and-error test cuts and e-Bush adjustments will allow you to establish the correct pin and socket sizes for a perfect fit. Note: One division of the e-Bush changes the joint glueline interface by two thousandths of an inch, that is, 0.002" or 0,050mm.

